## 3.3: Solve Multi-Step Equations

Goals: *Solve multi-step equations by combining like terms
*Solve multi-step equations using the distributive property
*Solve multi-step equations by multiplying by reciprocals

## Steps to Solving Multi-Step Equations

$\mathbf{S}$ - Simplify
D - Distribute
C - Combine
B - Balance (reverse PEMDAS)
A - Answer

Ex: $8 x-3 x-10=20$

$$
\begin{gathered}
5 x-10=20 \\
+10+10 \\
\hline \frac{5 x}{5}=\frac{30}{5} \\
x=6
\end{gathered}
$$

Ex: $9 x+x-7=13$

$$
\begin{array}{r}
10 x-7=13 \\
+7 \quad+7 \\
\hline \frac{10 x}{10}=\frac{20}{10}
\end{array}
$$

$$
x=2
$$

Use the distributive property: Simplify each side by distributing and combining like terms. Then solve.

Ex: $7 x+2(x+6)=39$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 7 x+2 x+12=39 \\
& 9 x+12=39 \\
&-12-12 \\
& \hline \frac{9 x}{9}=\frac{27}{9} \\
& x=3
\end{aligned}
$$

Ex: $4 x+3(x-5)=6$

$$
\begin{aligned}
4 x+3 x-15 & =6 \\
7 x-15 & =6 \\
+15 & +15 \\
\frac{7 x}{7} & =\frac{21}{7} \\
x & =3
\end{aligned}
$$

Ex: $4 x-7(x-2)=26$

$$
\begin{array}{r}
4 x-7 x+14=26 \\
-3 x+14=26 \\
-14=-14 \\
\hline \frac{-3 x}{-3}=\frac{12}{-3} \\
x=-4
\end{array}
$$

Ex: $5 x-4(x-3)=17$

$$
\begin{array}{r}
5 x-4 x+12=17 \\
x+12=17 \\
-12 \quad-12 \\
\hline x=5
\end{array}
$$

## Using Reciprocals:

$$
\mathbf{E x}: \frac{4}{3} \cdot \frac{3}{4}(z-6)=12 \cdot \frac{4}{3}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
z-6 & =16 \\
z & =22
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\text { Ex: } \begin{aligned}
\frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{3}{2}(3 x+5) & =-24 \cdot \frac{2}{3} \\
3 x+5 & =-16 \\
3 x & =-21 \\
x & =-7
\end{aligned}
$$

Ex: $\frac{5}{2} \cdot \frac{2}{5}(r+4)=10 \cdot \frac{5}{2}$
Ex: $-\frac{5}{4} \cdot-\frac{4}{5}(4 a-1)=28 \cdot-\frac{5}{4}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
4 a-1 & =-35 \\
4 a & =-34 \\
a & =-\frac{17}{2}
\end{aligned}
$$

