# 9.4 – 9.5 Factoring Quadratic Equations Study Guide Questions

### 9.4: Factor Using the GCF -

#### You should be able to:

1. Identify the GCF of a quadratic expression and factor using this method.

**Ex:**  $2x^2 - 4x$  becomes 2x(x-2) when factored. The circled portion would be your answer.

### Factor using the GCF:

**Ex:**  $-4y + 16y^2$  **Ex:**  $3xy + 8xy^2$ 

2. Solve a quadratic equation in factored form.

Ex: (3x-1)(x+2) = 0, since you are multiplying two quantities and the answer is 0, then one of the two quantities being multiplied must be equal to zero. This means either 3x - 1 = 0 or x + 2 = 0

If: $3x - 1 = 0$ you would:	If: $x + 2 = 0$ you would:
+1 +1 first add 1 to both sides	x + 2 = 0
$\underline{3x} = \underline{1}$	-2 $-2$ subtract 2 so:
3 3 then divide by three so:	x = -2
. 1	
$x = \frac{1}{3}$	

Solve:

**Ex:** 
$$x(2x-5) = 0$$
 **Ex:**  $x(3x-7)(4x-1) = 0$ 

3. Solve a quadratic equation by factoring using the GCF first!

Ex: 
$$7x^2 + 21x = 0$$
  
 $7x(x+3) = 0$  Factor using GCF of  $7x$   
So either  $7x = 0$  or  $x+3=0$   
 $x=0$  or  $x=-3$ 

Solve:

**Ex:**  $8x^2 - 16x = 0$  **Ex:**  $2x^2 = -7x$ 

4. Use the vertical motion model to solve problems involving a problem's height and time. (  $h = -16t^2 + vt + s$ )

**Ex:** An object is launched from the ground with an initial vertical velocity of 32 feet per second. How long before the object reaches the ground?

# **9.5:** Factor Quadratics in the Form $x^2 + bx + c$ :

#### You should be able to:

**1.** Factor trinomials in the form  $x^2 + bx + c$  by factoring into two binomials in the form:

(x+p)(x+q)

\*To find p and q you find the factors of c that add up to b.

Ex:  $x^2 - 7x + 12$  becomes (x-3)(x-4) when factored because -4 and -3 first multiply to get +12, but also add up to -7.

### Factor:

**Ex.**  $x^2 - 2x - 24$  **Ex:**  $-x^2 - 9x - 18$  **Ex:**  $3x^2 + 9x + 6$ 

## 2. Solve quadratic equations by factoring first.

Ex:  $x^2 - 7x + 12 = 0$  Factor first (x-3)(x-4) = 0 Solve  $\overline{x=3}$  or  $\overline{x=4}$ 

**Ex:**  $x^2 - 17x + 60 = 0$  **Ex:**  $x^2 + 8x = -12$ 

**3.** Use the vertical motion model to solve problems involving a problem's height and time.  $(h = -16t^2 + vt + s)$ 

**Ex:** An object is launched from a height of 48 feet with an initial vertical velocity of 32 feet per second. How long before the object reaches the ground?

**4.** Find the missing dimension of a rectangle given the area by factoring.

Ex: Area: 100 square inches
$$(x - 15) \text{ in.}$$