Study Guide 3.1-3.4 Quiz 3.1: Solve One-Step Equations

- Be able to use inverse operations to isolate the variable and solve one-step equations		
<u>Ex</u>: $\frac{7}{2} \cdot \frac{2}{7}n = -4 \cdot \frac{7}{2}$	<u>Ex</u> : $-5+x=-4$	<u>Ex</u> : $1 - x = -2$
n = -14	$\frac{+5}{x=1}$	$\frac{-1 -1}{-x = -3}$ $x = 3$
$\underline{\mathbf{Ex}}: \ x-4 = -8$ $\frac{+4 + 4}{x = -4}$	$\underline{\mathbf{Ex}: \ \underline{-2t} = \underline{12}}_{t = -6}$	$\underline{\mathbf{Ex}}: \frac{x}{-3} = 4$ $\underbrace{-3}{-3} \cdot -3$ $x = -12$

<u>3.2/3.3:</u> Solve 2/Multi-Step Equations - Be able to use inverse operations and reverse PEMDAS to solve multi-step equations

<u>Ex</u> : $4w + 2w = 24$	<u>Ex</u> : $\frac{x}{2} + 5 = 11$	<u>Ex</u> : $3x - 5 = 13$
<u>6w</u> = <u>24</u>	$\frac{-5}{x}$	<u>+5 +5</u>
6 6	$\frac{2}{2} = 6$	$\frac{3x}{3} = \frac{18}{3}$
W = 4	$x_2 - x_2$ x = 12	x = 6

<u>Ex</u>: $5x - 4(x - 3) = 17$	<u>Ex</u>: $\frac{4}{3} \cdot \frac{3}{4}(z-6) = 12 \cdot \frac{4}{3}$	<u>Ex</u> : $-4 = 2(x-2) - 3(1-x)$
5x - 4x + 12 = 17 *Distributing a	z - 6 = 16	-4 = 2x - 4 - 3 + 3x
1x - 12 = 17 NEGATIVE 4	<u>+6 +6</u>	-4 = 5x - 7
<u>+12 +12</u>	z = 22	<u>+7 +7</u>
x = 29		$\underline{3} = \underline{5x}$
		5 5
		$x = \frac{3}{2}$
		5

3.4: Solve equations with variables on both sides

- Be able to solve equations with variables on both sides by moving variable terms together

<u>Ex</u> : $4x + 5 = 17 - 2x$	<u>Ex</u> : $3m - 25 - 8m = m - 14$	<u>Ex</u> : $4(m-3) = 2(6-2m)$
+2x $+2x$	-5m - 25 = m - 14	4m - 12 = 12 - 4m
6x + 5 = 17	+5m + 5m	$+\underline{4m}$ $+\underline{4m}$
<u>-5 -5</u>	-25 = 6m - 14	8m - 12 = 12
6x = 12	+14 +14	+12 +12
6 6	-11 = 6m	<u>$8m = 24$</u>
x = 2	6 6	8 8
	$m = -\frac{11}{6}$	<i>m</i> = 3

- Be able to identify when an equation has no solution, infinite solutions or 0 as the solution

<u>Ex</u> : $-5(3a-4) = 7a+27-7$	<u>Ex</u> : $4(3x+2) = 2(6x+4)$
-15a + 20 = 7a + 20	12x + 8 = 12x + 8
+15a + 15a	-12x - 12x
20 = 22a + 20	8 = 8
-20 -20	ALL REAL NUMBERS
$\underline{0} = \underline{22a}$	
22 22	(this means that x can by anything)
a = 0	

(This problem has an answer, $a \operatorname{can} \operatorname{be} 0$)

Ex: 5z-6 = (z-1)5 5z-6 = 5z-5 -5z - 5z - 5z - 5NO SOLUTION (this means that there is nothing that x can be)

Ex:
$$\frac{34x}{34} = \frac{17}{34}$$
 Ex: $\frac{9x}{9} = \frac{3}{9}$
 Ex: $\frac{-4x}{-4} = \frac{2}{-4}$
 Ex: $\frac{-10x}{-10} = \frac{-5}{-10}$
 $x = \frac{1}{2}$
 $x = \frac{1}{3}$
 $x = -\frac{1}{2}$
 $x = \frac{1}{2}$